



RAILWAY SYSTEM

Railway System Refurbishment

Project:

- Boosting and repowering of the railway through a multi-purpose approach:
 - Tourism
 - Passengers
 - Freight
- Refurbishment and extension of 965.6 km from the existing railway.

Railway System Status:

- 118,92 km - Operational
- 387,28 km - Non-operational
- 459,60 km - Out of service
- **Locomotive and towed equipment:**
 - 81 towed (carriages)
 - 30 locomotive (vapor, electrodiesel and railway cars)
- 35 refurbished stations
- 60 non-refurbished stations

Estimated CAPEX:
\$ 2.5 billion

Reponsible Entity:
Ministry of Transport and Public Works

Planning – IADB Base Line Definition





ENERGY



500 Mw Non-conventional Renewable Energy Block

Compensation model: Variating costs according to the energy effectively produced

Responsible Entity: Ministry of Energy and Mines

Public Bid

The project aims to reach an accumulated potency of 500 Mw through the concession of several non-conventional renewable energy projects, including small hydroelectric plants, and photovoltaic, aeolic and biomass generators.

Considered sub-blocks and potency required:

- **Hydroelectric:** 150 Mw (30 years)
- **Aeolic:** 200 Mw (25 years)
- **Photovoltaic:** 120 Mw (25 years)
- **Biomass, Biogas:** 30 Mw (20 years)

Estimated Production: 2,119.3 GWh/year

CAPEX: \$875 million

Scope of the Project:

- ✓ Design
- ✓ Construction
- ✓ Operation and maintenance
- ✓ Financing



North-Eastern Transmission System

Compensation model: Variating costs according to the energy effectively produced

Responsible Entity: Ministry of Energy and Mines

Public Bid

The North-Eastern Transmission System Project encompasses three (3) transmission sub-systems, with the Interconnected National System (SNI) as a connection point to the 230 and 138 kV Shushufindi subsystems; and the 69 kV Loreto subsystem. The project contemplates the construction of six new subsystems and 290 km of transmission lines with tension levels of 69, 138, and 230 kV.

The three subsystems are:

- Subsystem: Shushufindi - Edén Yuturi (EPF) - Tiputini (CPT) by 230 kV levels.
- Subsystem 2: Shushufindi - Tarapoa by 138 kV levels, Tarapoa - Cuyabeno by 69 kV levels and Shushufindi (SNI)- Shushufindi (SEIP) by 138 kV levels.
- Subsystem 3: Loreto - Oso by 69 kV levels

Scope of the Project:

- ✓ Design
- ✓ Construction
- ✓ Operation and maintenance
- ✓ Financing

Estimated time of construction: 3 years

CAPEX: \$386 million

OPEX: annual average of \$ 17.5 million

Concession Period: 30 years



Cardenillo Hydroelectric

Compensation model: Fee for service

Responsible Entity: Ministry of Energy and Mines

Installed potency of 596.5 MW
Ecological flow of 10 m³/s, leveraged by the construction of a small generator plant

The components of the project are:

- The dam and its annexed sites
- Underground machinery house

Scope of the Project:

- ✓ Design
- ✓ Construction
- ✓ Operation and maintenance
- ✓ Financing

Estimated time of construction: 6 years

CAPEX: \$1.3 billion

OPEX: annual average of \$9 million

Concession period: 30 years

Structuring – Culmination of the project structuring process

The image features a large yellow industrial storage tank in the foreground, with the words "GAS NATU" printed in bold black letters. Behind the tank is a complex industrial structure, including a distillation column with multiple trays and several tall, red-and-white striped chimneys. The scene is set against a clear blue sky. The image is framed by diagonal geometric shapes in yellow, dark blue, and red.

GAS NATU

GAS



Associated Gas Acquisition

Responsible Entity: PETROECUADOR

Public Bid – Submission of Offers
September 2022

The objective of this Project is to acquire associated gas to use it as Liquefied Petroleum Gas (LPG), natural gasoline, and residual dry gas. The industrialization of these components implies that the State will save approximately USD 400 million per year, due to a decrease in LPG and Diesel imports to generate energy. Additionally, it complies with the Resolution emitted by the Provincial Court of Sucumbios, as it determines the elimination of burners, based on environmental criteria.

In each cluster, investors have the possibility to propose investment plans that allow the incorporation of technology that focuses on the acquisition of gas in pursuit of increasing production.

Scope of the Project:

- ✓ Design
- ✓ Refurbishment/ Repowering
- ✓ Operation and maintenance
- ✓ Financing

CAPEX: \$500 million

Term: 10 años



Combined Cycle Thermoelectric Block

Compensation model: Variating costs according to the energy effectively produced, and a fixed cost por the plant's availability

Responsible Entity: Ministry of Energy and Mines

Public Bid

The Natural Gas Combined Cycle Block includes the development of a **400 (+/- 10%) MW generation plant** and its corresponding associated transmission system to the National Transmission System. The generation plant will utilize units of **thermoelectricity-to-gas generators**, based on conventional combined cycles with gas turbines or internal combustion engines.

Estimated Production: 3000 GWh/year

Scope of the Project:

- ✓ Design
- ✓ Refurbishment/ Repowering
- ✓ Operation and maintenance
- ✓ Financing

Estimated construction time: 24 months

CAPEX: \$600 million **OPEX:** annual average of \$74,1 million

Term: 25 años

The background image shows an oil pumpjack in silhouette against a blue sky with wispy clouds. In the lower-left foreground, the silhouettes of two workers wearing hard hats are visible. The image is overlaid with large, diagonal, semi-transparent colored shapes: a yellow triangle on the top-left, a dark blue triangle on the top-right, and a red triangle on the bottom-right. The word 'PETROLEUM' is written in a light blue, sans-serif font, oriented diagonally across the dark blue and red areas.

PETROLEUM



Intracampos II Round

Responsible Entity: Ministry of Energy and Mines

Structuring – Culmination of the project structuring process

This Project has the objective to replenish the reserves that are annually consumed in the country (approximately 190 million barrels).

Six blocks were appointed for tendering: 11, 93, 94, 95, 96, and 97)

The areas have subsoil data on two (2) of the blocks; additionally, there is also data on the surface.

Total prospective resources: 107 million barrels

Average daily production: 18,000 to 22.000 barrels/day.

Scope of the Project:

- ✓Exploration
- ✓Explotation
- ✓Transfer to the State

CAPEX: \$731 million

OPEX: \$ 1.32 billion

Term: 24 years



Block 60 - Sacha

Responsible Entity: PETROECUADOR

Located in the Orellana province - area of 355 km²

Approximate figures:

POES: 5.228 billion barrels.

Proven, probable and posible reserves: 367 million barrels.

Average daily production: 69,825 barrels/day

Facilities: secondary pipelines to the TransEcuadorian Pipeline System (SOTE) and Heavy Crude Pipeline (OCP)

Crude quality: 26° API on average

Scope of the Project:

- ✓Exploration
- ✓Explotation
- ✓Transfer to the State

CAPEX: \$2.887 billion

Term: 24 years

Structuring – Culmination of the project structuring process



Esmeraldas Refinery

Responsible Entity: PETROECUADOR

Structuring of the Project

- Quality improvement of fuels and reduction of emissions, through the implementation of a high-conversion train.
- It produces 39% of residues.
- With investments, the degree of complexity of the refinery will increase, obtaining higher-quality derivatives with a higher market value, while the amount of residues will decrease.


Current refining capacity: 110,000 barrels/day.

Scope of the Project:

- ✓ Design
- ✓ Refurbishment/ Repowering
- ✓ Operation and maintenance
- ✓ Financing

CAPEX: \$2.887 billion

Term: 24 years



The development of a country is portrayed through
**the quality of its infrastructure, the efficiency
of public services and
the generation of employment**